EFFECT OF PRESSURE UPON EQUILIBRIUM

shown in fig. 2 and 3. The maxima of absorption were carefully determined in each experiment by measuring the O.D. in the vicinity of each peak at 1.0 nm intervals. The λ_{max} of the loose pairs derived from either salt are at 374 nm at all pressures, whereas the λ_{max} of the tight pairs show a slight pressure dependence. At 1 atm their absorption maxima are at 356 and 350 nm for the sodium and lithium salts, respectively, but they shift to 360 and 353 nm at 4900 atm. The results are summarized in tables 1 and 2. Although the heading of the third column of each table refers to a fixed wave-length (356 or 350) the listed O.D. were measured at the appropriate maxima.

	TABLE 1	-FLUORENYL SC	DIUM IN THE	ат ~22°С	
expt.	pressure atm	O.D. (356)	O.D. (374)	R	K
1	1	0.895	0.220	0.246	
2	1	1.133	0.246	0.233	
3	1	1.762	0.414	0.235	
4	1	1.073	0.255	0.238	_
			average	0.238	
1	940	0.922	0.340	0.369	0.15
1	1920	0.911	0.525	0.576	0.42
2	1920	1.177	0.661	0.562	0.40
3	1920	1.639	0.920	0.561	0.40
4	1920	1.061	0.609	0.574	0.42
			average	0.568	0.41
1	2920	0.836	0.743	0.889	0.94
2	2920	1,131	0.974	0.862	0.89
3	2920	1.548	1.340	0.865	0.90
4	2920	1.010	0.893	0.884	0.93
			average	0.875	0.915
1	3900	0.768	0.982	1.278	1.88
2	3900	1.074	1.279	1.191	1.63
3	3900	1.445	1.748	1.210	1.68
4	3900	0.943	1.157	1.227	1.73
			average	1.227	1.73
1					
2	4900	1.028	1 563	1 510	2 73
3	4900	1 378	2 10	1.51	2.13
4	4900	0.893	1 358	1.521	2.74
-	1200	0.075	average	1.52	2.74

O.D. corrected for the solvent absorption at the appropriate pressure.

The ratios R (O.D. at λ_{\max} of the loose pairs)/(O.D. at λ_{\max} of the tight pairs) at each pressure are constant to within 2-3 %, in spite of the substantial variations in the total concentrations of the salts. The equilibrium constants K of the process, tight pairs pairs, are calculated from the equation,

$$K = (R - r_1) / (1 - r_2 R),$$

where $r_1 = \varepsilon_{374,\text{tight}}/\varepsilon_{356,\text{tight}}$ for the sodium salt and $\varepsilon_{374,\text{tight}}/\varepsilon_{350,\text{tight}}$ for the lithium salt, and r_2 denotes the ratios $\varepsilon_{356,\text{loose}}/\varepsilon_{374,\text{loose}}$ or $\varepsilon_{350,\text{loose}}/\varepsilon_{374,\text{loose}}$ of the respective salts.

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